Effects of spirituality and religious attendance on the mental health and psychosocial

wellbeing of inmates: a case study of Harare Central Prison, in Zimbabwe

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Abstract

The purpose of the study was to assess the prevalence of mental health problems at Harare Central

Prison, Zimbabwe, in addition to assessing the prisoners' levels of religiosity and spirituality, and

furthermore ascertain how these affect their mental health and psychosocial wellbeing. This paper

used a qualitative research design, whilst the target population constituted the inmates at Harare

Central Prison with diagnosed or undiagnosed mental health conditions. Purposeful sampling was

used, whilst the research instrument employed was structured interviews. Data were presented in

narrative form and analyzed using thematic analysis. The major findings of this study were that

religion and spirituality had beneficial effects on the mental health and psychosocial wellbeing of

inmates, including working as a protective factor. It was concluded that all the various stakeholders

concerned should work on promoting the functional and beneficial aspects of religion and

spirituality at the prison.

Keywords: Spirituality, religious attendance, mental health, Harare Central Prison